THE CHARLEROI MAIL

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HEALTH CONDITIONS SHOW A GREAT IMPROVEMENT LOCALLY

Number of New Cases of "Flu" Less Than Half Tuesday's Report

ONE DEATH AT NEW HOSPITAL

Health conditions in Charleroi show a material improvement today. According to reports made to Health Officer Darby this morning there were twenty homes reported in which the influenza appeared on Wednesday, with twenty-four cases of influenza. This is just half the number reported on Tuesday, showing that the malady is gradually passing. One death is reported a patient at the emergency hospital falling a victim to the disease

The local health board is of the opinion that the worst phases of the situation are now past, and that conditions will gradually improve if the people of the community will only continue to observe the regulations that have been in effect for the past three weeks There is still considerable danger from the malady, but its spread can be prevented if the rules laid down by the state and local health boards are stictly observed.

It is pointed out by the state department of health that it is after patients believe they have recovered and then attempt to resume their usual [illegible] that they are in the [illegible] A relapse is apt [illegible] it all the worse [illegible] It is the same way [illegible] ith conditions begin [illegible] le are apt to relax [illegible] nd then before it is [illegible] le breaks out worse

Why restrict [illegible] such a big har[illegible]

The program [illegible] ome consumption [illegible] cer advises against [illegible] ught to furnish [illegible] people during this [illegible] nough to carry [illegible] aside all social af- [illegible] the year—and [illegible] il after the quaran- [illegible] ed wheat consum[illegible] ore any assemblies [illegible] the program. [illegible] e takes place. By [illegible] 80-20? [illegible] eature much can be [illegible]

We can use mo[illegible] ll dangers. Further [illegible] have more. This [illegible] quested to have cus- [illegible] let down as mi[illegible] eir own vessels to [illegible] rule covered bre[illegible] this applies to bre[illegible] ly of milk. Bottles [illegible] wise to be encou[illegible] led when taken from [illegible] does let down the [illegible] r. This regulation [illegible] stitutes, it is be[illegible] nforced.

poorer this year i[illegible] se is given as to [illegible] than in food for p[illegible] ne will be lifted, if

Why must we us[illegible] nues as rapidly as

In addition to [illegible] wo days, it will not [illegible] the United States a[illegible] removed. [illegible] agreed on a univer[illegible] The least we can [illegible] equally with those [illegible] greater than ours.

The Uses o[illegible]

Why not ship corn [illegible]

We do, we will; but [illegible] nsylvania called for [illegible] better fed with ra[illegible] army, the first sum- [illegible] where there is no pro[illegible] luenza epidemic be- [illegible] it for baking, some [illegible] ese men are all to [illegible] for bread.

Why is sugar restric[illegible] for general military [illegible]

To win the war, by s[illegible] e to be taken from [illegible] ships borrowed from A[illegible] Sptember 12 if oth- [illegible] free by furnishing sug[illegible] austed. They will [illegible] can sources. [illegible] day period begin- [illegible]

How long will the su[illegible] 1. Two thousand [illegible] ontinue? [illegible] o Camp Crane, Al- [illegible]

There is no probabili[illegible] S to Camp Meade. [illegible] the program within [illegible] ot affect the men [illegible] months. [illegible] mp Greenleaf who [illegible]

Why doesn't Cana[illegible] sly called and for [illegible] ugar? [illegible] orders will be is- [illegible]

The allowance in Can[illegible] ounds per person per [illegible]

Why not close the ca[illegible]

Their sugar supply h[illegible]

down 50 per cent. Th[illegible]

until further measures ar[illegible]

Why make us save whe[illegible]

ries and distilleries wast[illegible]

They don't; they are [illegible]

business as fast as the [illegible]

rocks are exhausted.

Your grocer is pledged [illegible]

peration in the Food Ad[illegible]

rogram. Are you helping [illegible]

at pledge?

We carried the 1918 o[illegible]

bear, meat, fat and sugar [illegible]

are settling down to a [illegible]

along the line.

If we save sugar by sp[illegible]

[illegible] by shipfuls to [illegible]

[illegible] more than we [illegible]

WILL MAKE RETURNS DECEMBER SECOND

The court on Monday made an order directing that return day of constables of Washington county for the November term be postponed until Monday, December 2, the date set for the coming grand jury. This action was taken on account of the adjournment of the November term of quarter sessions made necessary by the epidemic which is so prevalent through the state.

GUY WOODWARD IS PLEASED WITH UNIT

Guy Woodward, now attached to Base Hospital 69, A. P. O. No. 909, American Expeditionary Forces in France, writes to Mrs. Woodward as follows:—"This has indeed been a great voyage to me, but it will never be complete until I return and we take it together. The more I see of the different branches of the army the more satisfied I am. We have a wonderful bunch of officers in this unit and they are very considerate in their orders at all times.

"We think war is hard, but if you could see the old men, women and children as they appeared to me as we marched through a city in France you would think welived in paradise. It certainly makes a soldier feel that here is where he belongs.

"I just ran into a boy from home and I surely was glad to see him. He landed the same day I did, but we were not on the same transport. It was John Mangan. When you talk to the Elite you might tell them, as he always loafed around there and the boys will be glad to hear of him.

"A party of about eighty of us were out for a walk yesterday. The country is very different from that in the U. S. A. They cultivate every foot of it here You don't see any men of an age that looks as if they could do any work. We saw a party of French women and children while on our walk who were washing clothes in a creek. They apparently know nothing about washing boards for they rubbed their clothes on stones.

"Well, I am a regular sport over here. Ride around in sidedoor pullmans for two and three days at a time. We wouldn't know there was a war if we didn't see the wounded men and then wesurely do realize it.

"We have a ward to sleep in at present and have plenty of good blankets, four in number, so you see Uncle Sam is taking good care of us.

"I am about to go out on a 24-hour truck job. We sure will have to work for a few days, as we are ready to receive patients.

"War news looks better every day and the U. S. is surely prepared to take care of every soldier it sends to France. They arenot taking any chances of running short of supplies, for they have an abundance.

"I was out for a walk Sunday in one of our French cities. There are surely some great sights to se. but they don't look as good as the old U.S.A.

"From the way things look we will be able to receive patients in about a week. At present I am assigned to the receiving ward or registrar office, mostly inside work. I surely am fortunate to have been transferred to this unit, for in my judgement we have by far the best unit I have seen. Captains Stover and Manchen, the two officers you took in to Petersburg, have been very good to us."

Hallowe'en Celebrations Are All Called Off

Owing to the health quarantines now existing there will be no organized effort in Charleroi to celebrate halloween. Heretofore halloween has been an occasion of great mirth and general merrymaking in the borough and the events of the past have always been attended by thousands of people from outside communities.

This year, however by direction of the Burgess and the health authorities these festivities have been abandoned for the time being, as any celebration would naturally cause great crowds of people to assemble on the streets in direct violation of the health regulations. Moreover all halloween parties and gatherings have been prohibited by the Burgess, and this order will be strictly enforced. The police will be reinforced this evening to see that the usual celebrations are not carried on in theoutlying districts of the borough and that all assemblies in every part of town be prevented. There is considerable sickness throughout the borough and parents are urged to impress upon their children the necessity of keeping strictly within the regulations prescribed.

Local authorities realize that it is considerable of a hardship for the young folks of the borough to give up the usual festivities which characterize this season of the year, but believing the health of the community is paramount, have been compelled to put a restraining hand upon those who would be inclined to take part in any celebration. By observing the directions of the borough officials it is possible to further improve the health conditions of the community.

INCREASE CAPACITY AT NEW HOSPITAL

Miss Loretto Shearden one of the staff of the Charleroi-Monessen hospital and a registered nurse has volunteered her services at the emergncy hospital, Eagles Home, while Miss Lucy Sphar, Miss Margaret Fallow, Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Mary Shuk, Miss Elizabeth Phillips, Mrs. W. H. High, Theodore Kendricks and Andrew Murray have likewise volunteered for duty. James Ward has been secured to take charge of the men's ward.

Up until this morning twenty five patients have been admitted to the hospital, which exhausts the facilities [illegible] now on hand [illegible] to secure ten more cots which [illegible] absolutely essential. If there are any citizens of Charleroi who have cots not now in use and wish to loan them to the hospital they are requested to phone those in charge and they will be called for. It is proposed to fit up an additional ward at the emergency which will accommodate ten patients and if there is no further spread of the disease, this it is believed will take care of all cases which may be sent to this temporary hospital. One death, Mrs. Mary Camenta of 621 Fallowfield avenue, took place at the hospital at 3:40 this morning.

FARMERS COMPLAIN OF HUNTERS ACTIONS

Farmers in the neighborhood of Beallsville are complaining that hunters from the river section pay but little attention to trespass notices. They say that gates are being left open, trespass notices being torn down and other depredations committed and they threaten prosecutions if the practice is continued.

CALL PHYSICIANS EARLY IN THE DAY

As a further means of conserving the energies of the physicians of Charleroi, who are practically worked to the point of exhaustion by reason of the prevalence of the Spanish influenza, it has been suggested that patients and those who feel they need the services of a doctor to call them some time in the morning, at least before 12 o'clock noon. So many people put off calling physicians until late afternoon or evening, at a time when the medical fraternity is worn out by a busy day, that it is impossible to answer some of the calls. The physicians believe that [illegible] calls would do much to better the present health situation and at the same time conserve the energies of our doctors

WILL CO-OPERATE WITH CHARLEROI

A meeting of the board of health of North Charleroi was held at the boro building in that municipality Wednesday night, at which time Mr. Darby health officer for Charleroi was present and took part in the deliberations in an advisory capacity. After some discussion it was decided to co-operate with the health authorities of Charleroi, and where necessary would send all influenza cases to the Charleroi emergency hospital. It was further decided there should be no halloween celebration in the borough and that there should be no visiting in homes where there are cases of influenza. This does not mean that acts of mercy should cease. As a further precaution people of the borough are asked to cease all visits to neighbors until the quarantines are lifted. There is one patient from North Charleroi in the local emergency hospital. Russell Metz secretary of the board was placed in charge of the health situation.

Christmas Cards For Over There

Christmas Cards to reach the Boys in France must be mailed very soon

We have on display a beautiful assortment of Christmas cards for the Soldier Boys. Both sentimental and fantastic

MIGHT'S BOOK STORE

WILL PAY UNITED WAR ACTIVITIES QUOTA OUT OF WAR CHEST FUND

No Campaign to Be Staged In Community to Raise Necessary Money

OUR ASSESSMENT IS $42,000

While the Charleroi area is expected to contribute $42,000 to the fund for the United War Work activities, no campaign to raise this amount of money will be necessary. The quota which has been fixed for Charleroi and the area surrounding it, which includes all the territory from Lock Four to Roscoe, will be paid from the War Chest Fund, which was inaugurated last June and which has proven to be such a success.

In other communities, as for instance in Monongahela which is expected to raise $30,000 for this fund, a campaign will have to be put on and various committees appointed to solicit through the town and in the adjoining districts in order to raise the desired sum. This will entail a great deal of work, practically as much detail and almost as much effort as the Liberty Loan campaign, but it will have to be done. Charleroi will escape this solicitation by reason of the fact that it will take care of all such quotas by means of the War Chest Fund, which the people of the community are supporting so liberally.

Since last June the Fund has collected $34,000 of which amount $30,000 was paid to the Red Cross and $2,000 to the Salvation Army, with $8,000 now in the treasury and people paying every month with promptness. It was stated the time the Fund was established that all further solicitation for war activities, such as the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the K. of C., and Salvation Army, would be done away with, and the officers have been true to their word While other communities will be working hard to raise the quotas assessed against them Charleroi, with the War Chest Fund, will be able to take care of the obligation without any further effort on the part of the people or the officers. The only solicitation to be made will be from local corporation which have not heretofore made a subscription to the War Chest Fund.

CLUB SALESMAN IS FINED BY COURT

John Super of California on a charge of violating the liquor laws, was released by the Washington county courts on the payment of a fine of $300 and the costs. He was a member of a club in the California section and in the absence of the regular steward had sold liquor at the club bar. It appears the members took turns in acting as bartenders. It was stated to the court that the club had been reorganized and a regular steward chosen.

DR. J. W. HUNTER HAS RETURNED HOME

Dr. J W. Hunter of the Volunteer Medical Service Corps of the Council of National Defense, who was called to Newburyport, Mass., several weeks ago by the Spanish influenza epidemic and who recently has been in charge of the hospital at Norwalk, Conn., is expected to arrive in Charleroi today to assist in the local work against the epidemic.

A telegram was sent on Wednesday signed by Burgess Woodward, H. J. Booth of the Red Cross and Dr. C. B. Wood of Monongahela, State Medical Officer for Washington county requesting that Dr. Hunter be returned home. A telegram was received in reply during the afternoon from Dr. Hunter saying he would be home today. As he is in the service of the Council of National Defense he will be subject to their orders but it is likely he will remain in Charleroi until danger from the influenza is passed.

WANT SINGLE IRON BEDS FOR HOSPITAL

The emergency hospital is in need of single iron beds. If any of our people in Charleroi have beds of this character which they can loan to the hospital the officials would be very grateful. The need for beds of this character is very urgent and those having them and wishing to accommoderate, can phone the hospital and they will be called for.

EPIDEMIC CONDITIONS IMPROVE IN MONESSEN

While health conditions in Monessen are still serious officials believe that the outlook is very much better. The number of deaths have materially decreased within the past few days only seven being reported today, while the number of new cases reported today is quite small It is expected that Dr. Herron and Dr. Wilson, now in training for army overseas duty, will be returned home to assist in fighting the epidemic. Dr. Rupert who recently entered the army from Webster has returned to that village and is giving aid to strieken families

LOST—Between car barn and Sixth street, box of groceries. Finder return to 809 Fallowfield and receive reward. 126-2t Youngsford

EMERGENCY HOSPITAL WANTS FLANNEL AND LINEN

The local emergency hospital is in need of old linen and small pieces of flannel. Any of the housekeepers of Charleroi who can donate either of these articles are requested to phone the nurse in charge or better still the donor can bring them to the Eagles Home on McKean avenue. The need of these articles is very urgent and should be cared for at once.

Attention, Home Defense

The attention of all home defense police is directed to the bulletin board showing assignments for duty at temporary hospital No. 1 at Eagle's Home. It is the imperative duty of every member of this company to do his very best in this very grave emergency. Report either in person or by phone to Lieutenants Wertz or [illegible]

Diamonds continue to be the proper investment for those who wish to enjoy their savings and still have an increase in value.

An examination of our splendid stock of set and unset Diamonds will convince the most skeptical that we are offering some really excellent investments in this article, symbolic of [illegible]

Grant us the pleasure of [illegible]

JOH[illegible]

515 McKean Av[illegible]

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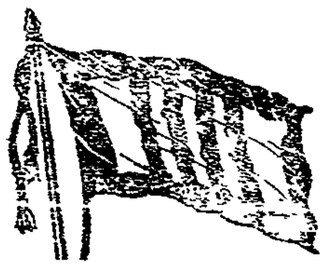


WHAT TO EXPECT

Free trade with Germany after the war! That is what we must submit to if the principles of peace as laid down by Mr. Wilson are to be followed. One of the conditions of an enduring peace the President prescribes in this language: "The removal, as far as possible, of all economic barriers, and the establishment of a neutrality of trade conditions among all the nations consenting to the peace and associating themselves for its maintenance." Germany, of course, will "consent to the peace." It also will be associated with other nations in its maintenance. Every country signing a peace treaty is presumed to agree to its conditions and to abide by them. So, then, if Mr. Wilson is allowed to have his way the United States will be prohibited from erecting any "economic barriers" against Germany and this country will be committed to a "neutrality of trade" with her.

Let us pause and reflect just what the adoption of that policy would mean to us. Immediately upon the conclusion of peace the ports of the country would be thrown open to the manufacturers of Germany without limit. There is no extent to which that country will not go after the war to recapture her lost markets throughout the world, and particularly in the United States. Some of the allies have already announced their intention to boycott German goods. If that is done the United States will be the only great nation to which Germany can turn for a market for her manufactures. Prices will be fixed at any figure necessary to secure the trade and drive out of business the industries that have been born in this country as a result of the war. Dyestuffs, ceramics toys, and every other article of former German manufacture that our factories are now beginning to turn out in ever-increasing quantity, will come from Germany in such quantities and at such prices that the product of American labor will not be able to compete for a moment and will be forced to the wall in short order.

Instead of collecting an indemnity from Germany for the life and treasure she has forced from the United States, the Teutons will be in a position to indemnify themselves from us to an unlimited extent.

But it takes a two-thirds vote of the Senate to ratify a treaty. It is probable that the peace treaty will not be laid before that body until after the new Senators elected next month take their seats, March 4th. The voters, therefore in States where Senatorial elections are to be held, have it in their power to send to Washington men who will not hesitate to repudiate the un-American suggestions of the President, should they find expression in the peace treaty and to insist that the Congress of the United States shall be left free to enact into law such tariff restrictions on our imports as it may in the future deem wise.

AUSTRIA'S PLEA

Austria has made a special plea to Secretary of State Lansing, begging [illegible] in connection with the [illegible] of the United States that, [illegible] of humanity, as well [illegible] parts of Austria- [illegible] cessation of arms be [illegible] and followed by [illegible] of peace negotiations. [illegible] Austria-Hungary [illegible] Solving such [illegible] conditions [illegible] to complete and [illegible] following a period of 48 hours the Austria-Hungarian [illegible] war on the Kingdom?

And has not Austria-Hungary been an ally of Germany all these years and of Bulgaria, and of Turkey and has it not at least by implication conceded with these nations in the way they have conducted this war?

Austria-Hungary can get peace at any moment she wants it but only by unconditional surrender. There should be no peace negotiations. That cowardly nation is unworthy of being negotiated with. The allies should tell her representatives where to sign the peace treaty, but all of the details should be worked out by the Entente governments, and the United States.

The Austro-Hungarian empire is possibly a thing of the past, but even if divided into a number of principalities, they should be compelled to bear their share of the burden of paying for the waste and devastation they are responsible for during the past four years. It should be made a lesson to the junkers of that country, that such methods as they were guilty of in 1914 will never be repeated.

THE H. D. P'S.

The present health quarantine, which has closed all amusements and prevents assemblies of all kinds, has brought into some prominence the Home Defense Police. Organized as an auxiliary to the peace forces of the state, to be available in time of need, it is proving its worth at the present time in furnishing the local authorities a splendid list of men for special duty. This duty is varied from assisting in patrolling the town in order to assist in the enforcement of regulations to furnishing guards for the emergency hospital

Of course none of these duties have been of an arduous nature, but it is something that has to be done and the members of the Home Defense Police furnish the volunteers from which to select men for this work In other towns where the Home Defense Police has an organization they are likewise doing a splendid work in assisting the city and borough officials as well as the health boards in carrying out the regulations which the present epidemic has made necessary. All of these men give their service freely and without price and in many cases are compelled to leave their daily occupation in order to comply with the request of the authorities.

Charleroi is indeed fortunate that in such trying times, it is able to have the support of such a fine organization and one which has fitted itself to act in just such emergencies as we are now having.

DEMOCRATIC WAR LEADERS

The Democratic National Committee issues a statement that under the Democratic party's leadership the United States now has "approximately two million men overseas, all armed, equipped and supplied as they should be, with the shipping situation met by the shipping board and the emergency fleet corporation."

In making this claim the Democratic National Committee neglects the important fact that the very existence of the overseas army is due to the draft laws which every Democratic leader fought, and which was passed under the leadership of Republican members of the lower house and with the aid of an overwhelming majority of Republican votes.

It also neglects to state the fact that when it became evident to all military experts during the German drive of last spring that our contribution of man power must be increased, and when President Wilson and the War Department, in recognition of this crisis, asked that the draft bill be amended so as to increase our overseas army, the Democratic party leaders and the majority of the Democratic members of the house, opposed amending the draft law as the president and the war department requested. Eighty-six Democrats voted against this critical war measure to only 80 who voted for it, and the measure passed the house under the leadership of Representative Kahn, Republican, and with the support of 111 Republican votes—Washington Observer.

Germany wants the blow to fall as lightly as possible. She does not want her territory invaded, but regardless of what the terms may be, the American army should be permitted to occupy some of the strategical points in that country first to show the opponents of peace that even if the United States is 3,000 miles away it was able to [illegible] and supplies of Germany [illegible] tered

STORING FOOD FOR THE WINTER

Problems of Residents of Small Towns Being Considered.

WHAT CAN BEST BE DONE

Practical Suggestions Which Will Result in a Saving both of Money and of Food.

The problem of storing vegetables, especially in the smaller cities and towns of the State is one that has been receiving the attention of the Food Administration. Cheaper and better vegetables can be purchased in season and those grown then and in the winter from the stores, and therefore the storage of vegetables for the winter not only saves shipping space but it also saves on the winter grocer bill.

Farmers and others with large plots of ground can store their vegetables in out door cellars, but the town dweller who has a heating plant in his basement and no out door space, faces a more serious problem.

Using the Basement.

It is sometimes possible to partition off a corner of the basement which has at least one window and to use the enclosure for a storage room. The windows are needed both for light and to keep the temperature of the room, which would otherwise be too warm. The room must be made tight enough so that its temperature may be kept different from the rest of the cellar. It should be plastered, if possible, and have a close fitting door.

The earth floor is the best on account of the moisture which it supplies and an air-duct made of wood or metal should be fitted to one of the windows. The room should also be proof against mice.

Movable containers for the vegetables are better than bins and slats to hold the containers will insure a free circulation of air.

TURKEYS' PART IN FOOD SAVING

Sound Economy Not to Market Fowls Too Early.

PUT ON WEIGHT IN FALL

No Hens Dressing Under Six Pounds Nor Gobblers Under Eight Should Be Killed.

The turkey is still a wild fowl. All of the efforts of the farmer and breeder have failed to domesticate this wanderer into a barnyard dependent that puts on fat at the whim of the owner. A chicken will put feed into fat at almost any age and at any time the crop is kept filled with the right kind of feed.

The young turkey, however, is a long-legged, bug hunter until the winter thatch of feathers is put on and nature suggests that it is time to store up a reserve for rigorous weather. Turkeys will put on weight rapidly and economically at that season and raisers should take advantage of it.

This, too, is the season when fields provide plenty of feed that would otherwise go to waste and, in the case of weed seeds, would do damage to future crops.

Striking Weight Comparisons.

Now, when we have need for every ounce of food that can be put into form for human consumption, whether ground by mills or gizzards, it is the soundest economy to let the young turkeys live through the fall bug-and-seed-hunting season.

A young gobbler that weighs ten pounds in October will weigh twelve or thirteen sixty days later if given a little extra feed along toward the end of that period. A hen in the same time will fill out from seven pounds to nine or ten. Such satisfactory gains can be made at no other time in the bird's life. It is the season when nature is preparing for winter. The turkey hasn't learned to depend on the farmer's grain bins.

The United States Food Administration suggests that in order to take advantage of this favorable season for putting on gains that no young turkey hens weighing less than six pounds dressed should be marketed. Young gobblers should be of sufficient size to dress at least eight pounds before being sold. Let the turkeys develop and grow fat.

America must literally feed the world during the winter and at the same time prepare to feed the world from supplies when victory brings peace.

It is up to us to overcome any [illegible] and food.—U. S. Food Administration.

LOCK FOUR BOY IN MANY BATTLES

Mrs. John Coulter of Lock View received a letter on Tuesday from her son, Robert J. Coulter who is a member of the Headquarters Company of the Eleventh Infantry. The letter was dated October 9th and says that he is feeling fine. Although in many of the big battles that have recently taken place along the western front he came through without a scratch. He was in the fight at St. Mihiel, where the American forces "cleaned up" and where a large number of Hun prisoners were taken. He is of the opinion that the war will not last long, an impression that seems to largely prevail in the American army now at the front. He sent his mother a souvenir in the shape of a handkerchief in which the American and French flags are entwined. Also a seal for a Christmas box.

MANY ADDITIONAL DEATHS REPORTED IN DONORA

The health conditions has not materially improved in Donora during the past twenty-four hours. While the number of new cases was not reported to the newspapers there, eleven deaths had occurred since last evening. Donora has been hard hit by the influenza, over 60 deaths having taken place since the epidemic appeared in that town and all attributable to this malady.

TRY A CLASSIFED WANT AD

HOSPITAL SUPERINTENDENT HAD RETURNED HOME

Miss Ada Belle Montana, superintendent of the Charleroi-Monessen hospital, who has been in Chester, Pa., assisting the health authorities of that city in the fight against the influenza, has returned home, the local hospital board asking that she be sent back to Charleroi because of the local health conditions.

LOCAL TEACHERS ARE ASSISTING DRAFT BOARD

Four of the teachers of the Charleroi public schools are in Donora today assisting Local Board No. 5 in cleaning up a mass of work which has been accumulating for some time. The teachers are Misses Helen S. Thompson, Helen C. Booth, Zelle Franks and Irma Beard. Miss Thompson and Miss Booth were on duty with the Board on Wednesday.

TRY A CLASSIFIED WANT AD

FOR SALE

5 rooms, 2 lots Meadow Ave., $3200.
4 rooms Oakland Ave., $2400.
5 rooms Shady Ave., $1800.
5 rooms, Oakland, 3 lots, $2800.
Three 6 room house, Eight St. $2700 each.
6 rooms, Eight Street, $2800.
7 rooms Shady, $2100.
10 rooms and store room Washington, $5700.

Union Realty Co.
600 Fallowfield Ave.
Both Phones

For Assembly

Dr. J. W. Manon

The man who will represent his home town of Charleroi and the County of Washington in a creditable manner.

The man who believes in the future of his county and has the courage of his conviction. The man, who, if elected, will be valuable in the legislative program of the reconstruction period at the end of the war.

The man who has always stood for Charleroi's best interest and Charleroi will stand by him.

Vote for Manon, Election Nov. 5, '18

WELL KNOWN CONTRACTOR DEAD IN MONONGAHELA

Joseph W. Wolfe of Monongahela, one of the best known contractors in this section of the Monongahela valley, died at the Memorial hospital, Monongahela, Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock, aged 75 years. Two other deaths occurred in Monongahela during the past 24 hours, Samuel P. Carmack and John Scott Ferree, both of whom died from influenza.

How are the mighty fallen. When the Germans were pushing their big drive of last spring they talked of the indemnities they would impose on other nations, as well as the territory they would take over. Now they are seeking any port in the storm in order to save themselves from utter defeat.

To Have Good Friends.

The way to have good friends is to be one. The fortune for gaining love and service is to forget all about yourself, and love and serve others. The girl who is the central figure of her thought and planning is likely to be poor in friends because she understands so little of the meaning of friendship.—Pennsylvania Grit.

Greatness.

No one ever went seeking after greatness and found it; it is essentially a by-product. Fame of a certain sort may be acquired by direct effort, wealth can be won by those who place its possession first, and notoriety is not hard to compass; but real greatness comes to those who are not busy seeking it.

Changes Always Going On.

Nothing in nature is absolutely permanent. Changes are going on slowly but steadily, every moment, parts of the earth being elevated above the sea parts sinking below it, the ocean wearing away the coast in one place and building it out in another, and so on to infinity.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Adam Dale, late of Allen Township, Washington County, Pennsylvania.

Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted thereto to make immediate payment, and to those having claims or demands, to present them for settlement.

Charleroi Savings & Trust Company,
Executor.

Guy Moffitt, Attorney.
Charleroi, Pa.
O-3-10-17-24-31-N-7

Administrators Notice.

The Estate of Flora Hans, late of the Borough of Charleroi, Washington County, Pennsylvania. Letters of administration upon the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned notice is hereby given to all those indebted thereto to make immediate payment and to those having claims against said estate to present them for settlement.

Louis Hans,
Administrator

Guy Moffitt, Atty.
Charleroi, Pa.
O-3-10-17-24-31-N-7

Maybe the soldier boys in France who say the war will be over by Christmas know what they are talking about. Anyhow, they are keeping up their end.

USE THE CLASSIFIED COLUMN.

DR. MACKENZIE

Pittsburgh Specialist
will make regular visits to
THE WILBUR
Charleroi, Pa.
Friday Only Each Week

DR. R. W. MacKENZIE

Graduated, registered and licensed physician. Specialist in chronic diseases of men and women.

Among other ailments, chronic and deep-seated diseases of the nerves, blood, heart, liver, kidneys, bladder, spine, brain; also rheumatism, paralysis, epilepsy, goitre, gall stones, indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, asthma, catarrh, deafness, rectal troubles, skin afflictions, neuralgia, weak lungs, dropsy, bloating, arterio—sclerosis, female troubles and special diseases of men and women treated.

The time to treat disease is in its earlier stages—the earlier the better. When diseases develops to an advanced stage the treatments must be more frequent, more drawn out, more expensive. Treat now before you are incurable—treatment costs but little—charges are so reasonable that anyone can afford to seek assistance.

Consultations and Examinations will be Free to all Callers.
See me Friday, October 25th.

Stop! Look! Listen!

FOR SALE

For Sale: Five room house, Fallowfield avenue, $3000.
Five room house, Lincoln [illegible]
Six room house [illegible]
Six room house [illegible]
Eight room house [illegible]
Nine room house [illegible]
Eight Street, $4300 [illegible]
Four room house [illegible]
Six room house [illegible]
Five room house [illegible]
Six room and [illegible]
Maple Creek, $2000 [illegible]

A. L. DU[illegible]
412 Fallowfield Ave[illegible]

A Wonde[illegible] Family

This Peerless Al[illegible] only can be used b[illegible] the family from b[illegible] No home should [illegible] break up a cold [illegible] hot at bedtime—[illegible] It keeps the blood [illegible] to relieve consti[illegible] sour grassy sto[illegible] and blood trouble [illegible] Bulgarian Blood [illegible] United States fr[illegible] prescription. Le[illegible] Sold by all druggi[illegible]

SPRING CAT[illegible]
30[illegible] at all Dealers Williams [illegible]
For sale by P[illegible]

FOR [illegible]

No. 729 McKelvy [illegible]
No. 823 Fallowfield [illegible]
No. 319 Washington [illegible]
3 rooms and bath, $1500 [illegible]
4 rooms Diltz [illegible]
5 rooms, Simpson [illegible]
10 rooms Greene [illegible]
5 rooms McKee [illegible]

UNDERWEAR WEEK

There is so much honest to goodness comfort, such snappy style and perfect fit to every suit of underwear that is sold in this store that you are sure to be satisfied.

In the wearing you will be impressed with the fact that each garment is Quality--not some but all the time. Our prices are easy on the pocketbook.

A Few Specials

Ladies Fleeced lined union suits $2.00 values, sale price..... 1.25

Ladies Fleeced lined union suits $2.50 and $2.75 values, sale price..... 1.75

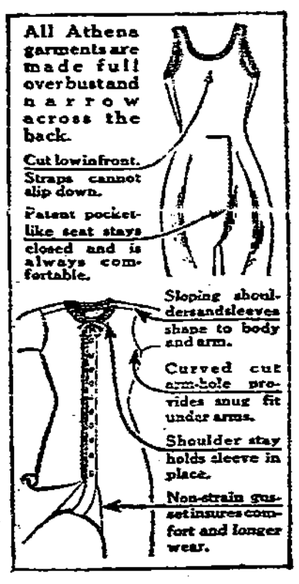
Ladies Wool vest and pants $2.50 and $3.00 values, sale price..... 1.75

Misses' Wool union suits large sizes $3.50 values, sale price..... 2.25

Burson Hose Special

Burson Hose, Black and Balbriggan, sale price..... 29c

Note These Exclusive Advantages of ATHENA UNDERWEAR FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN



J. W. Berryman & Son

CHARLEROI'S BUSY STORE

Kidneys Weakening? Look Out

Kidney and bladder troubles don't ed a special charter authorizing its will be disappear of themselves. They grow upon you, slowly but steadily, undermining your health with deadly certainty, until you fall a victim to incurable disease.

Stop your troubles while there is time. Don't wait until little pains become big aches Don't trifle with disease. To avoid future suffering begin treatment with Gold Medal Haarlem Oil Capsules now. Take three or four every day until you feel that you are entirely free from pain.

This well-known preparation has been one of the national remedies of Holland for centuries. In 1696 the government of the Netherlands granting a against trade preparation and sale.

The good housewife of Holland would almost as soon be without food as without her "Real Dutch Drops" as she quaintly calls Gold Medal Haarlem Oil Capsules. Their use restores strength and is responsible in a great measure for the sturdy, robust health of the Hollanders.

Do not delay. Go to your druggist and insist on his supplying you with a box of Gold Medal Haarlem Oil Capsules. Take them as directed and if you are not satisfied refund your money. Look for the name Gold Medal on the box and acept no other. In sealed boxes, three sizes.

One time Kaiser Bill said he would stand no nonsense from America after this war. From the notes that have passed between the German rulers and the United States, they will take most any old thing from the U. S. A.

And Austria. What a lamentable picture. Four years ago last August she pounced on little Serbia and almost annihilated her. Now that her armies are being defeated on every front she begs for peace. Her punishment should fit the crime.

To The Public

Have your old furs remodeled into the latest style. We are giving this work particular attention and can surprise you with the results obtained.

American Dry Cleaning Company

Dyeing and Refinishing

[illegible]

Now That You Have Them, Hang On To Them

[illegible] they are backed by [illegible] promises to [illegible] value. We [illegible] as your Bank to [illegible]

BANK of [illegible]

[illegible]

Don't wait until your cold develops Spanish Influenza or pneumonia.

Kill it quick.

CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

THURSDAY

You'll get cleaner, whiter clothes—and in less time—from your washing machine, if you will use

20 MULE TEAM BORAX SOAP CHIPS

Make a Soap Jelly by adding three tablespoons of chips to a quart of water, and boil. Add enough of this solution to washwater to make good suds. Soak or boil clothes as usual. "It's the Borax with the Soap that does the work."

At All Dealers

DO MOTHERS ERR?

When we hear of so many school girl and girls in stores and offices who are often totally unfit to perform their daily duties because of some derangement peculiar to their sex, might this not have been prevented by the mother who, perhaps through neglect or carelessness, failed to get for that daughter the one great root and herb remedy for such ailments. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. This old-fashioned medicine is said to have alleviated more suffering of womankind than any other remedy known to medicine.

FOR SALE

6 room and bath lot 60x150. Price [illegible]. Look Fear.

[illegible] room house. Crest avenue [illegible] for sale. Exchange [illegible] the home for [illegible].

J. R. BLYTHE and wife, Eighth Ave., Charleroi, Pa.

MANY "FLU" CASES IN FORWARD TWP

A survey made by two Army surgeons, two nurses and two residents of Monown on Monday revealed the fact that 200 cases of Spanish Influenza existed in Forward township, Allegheny county, between Axelton and the Sunny Side mine. The school house at Sunnidy Side has been commandeered for use as a hospital, and will be immediately fitted up for that purpose. The section in which these cases were found is directly along the river, reaching from a point directly opposite Monongahela, and reaching almost to a point opposite Donora. Webster, directly above Sunny Side, is reported as being badly affected with the trouble, and with no physicians in the town, the people who are afflicted with the malady are having a critical time. At the Iron City mine of the Monessen Coal & Coke company, just below Monessen, about half of the miners employed there are reported as being at home ill with the influenza. Conditions on the east side of the Monongahela and only a short distance north of Charleroi, are really in bad shape from a health standpoint and it is going to take some hard work to eradicate the trouble.

WAR STAMP DRIVE WILL BE RESUMED

Now that the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign is out of the way the National War Savings Committee is planning a drive to complete the sale of War Savings Stamps before the end of the year, when the "baby bonds" go off the market.

Washington county, with a quota of $3,400,000, stands ninth in the list of counties in Western Pennsylvania having sold $1,089,805 or $2 per cen a percapita subscription of $7.58. In this district the pledge cards from each county in Western Pennsylvania have been recorded and returned to postmasters, banks, district leaders and workers. Records show that many people who have signed have failed to purchase stamps on dates designated. A reminder by postmasters, bankers or letter carriers will probably be sufficient to have these obligations fulfilled. Sixty per cent of the people have responded to the call of the president to assist in the sale by "baby bonds." Results are indicated by sales of $1,000,000,000 and pledges amounting to half that amount. It is believed that pledges secured in the June drive will be kept by conscientious patriots.

HEAVY FINES FROM ILLEGAL LIQUOR SALES

The closing of the barrooms of Washington county by the recent order of the State Board of Health gave rise to fears that illegal sales of liquor would increase at an alarming rate This condition, however, it appears, has been kept down by the vigilance of officers attached to the district attorney's office and the successful operation of the parole system of the county.

In this connection an examination of the records in the office of the clerk of courts reveals the fact that during the past summer from the beginning of the August term—there has been assessed in fines from persons charged with the illegal sale of liquor the sum of $16.751. The defendants either pleaded guilty before the court or stood trial and were convicted and the fines were placed on them, in addition to the costs, which have also been paid, and which amount in the aggregate to $2,500.

RAPID PROMOTION FOR BENTLEYVILLE BOY

A. G. Giuliani of Bentleyville, who entered the selective service in the army as a "rookie," has received a [illegible] Aluminaire and is now a Camp Dix, N. Y., where he [illegible] preparatory to their leaving for overseas duty. He was promoted successively from private to corporal to sergeant and then [illegible] Sergeant, which [illegible] of the athletic team and [illegible] to Columbus and Cincinnati [illegible] of many prizes.

CHAPLAINS TELL OF FRONT

Moral and Religious Situation There Declared to Be Excellent, and Will Stay That Way.

Chaplains Francis B. Doherty and Lyman Rollins have just returned from France on a military mission to the United States.

Chaplain Doherty is attached to general headquarters in France, being associated with Bishop Charles H. Brent and Chaplain Paul Dwight Moody (son of the well-known evangelist), at that time in the general headquarters chaplains' office. The function of this office is, to discuss the religious problem of the army, the efficient and effective use of chaplains' activities in France to the end of the attainment of the best and special interests of the command, under General Pershing. This work carries with it considerable travel and gives an intimate knowledge of the situation from a religious and moral point of view.

From this broad knowledge Chaplain Doherty says: "Everywhere we find the same situation, here the same story; the condition and the spirit of the men are excellent." When leaving France on his present mission the chaplain asked General Pershing: "May we not tell our people in America that the moral and religious situation here is eminently high and very satisfactory?" The reply was: "Yes, and you may say furthermore, that it is going to be kept up to that."

Chaplains Doherty and Rollins spoke enthusiastically of the altogether admirable spirit of fraternity existing between those who are ministering to our soldiers. The Catholic chaplains, they say, are not merely looking to the good of the Catholic boys nor the Protestant to that of the Protestant boys; each is working for the best interest of every man.

TURNING PESTS INTO PROFITS

United States Department of Agriculture Has Plans for Dealing With the Rabbit Problem.

Fully 200,000,000 wild rabbits are killed in the United States every year according to estimates made by the biological survey of the United States department of agriculture. Many of them are jack rabbits, the majority of which have not been utilized in the past. If all the rabbits killed were consumed, they would represent between 200,000 and 300,000 tons of valuable food, and if proper measures were taken to insure the collection of skins, these alone would have a value of $20,000,000. The biological survey has frequently been called upon to help western farmers in coping with the rabbit pest. In view of the probable economic value of rabbit meat and fur in the coming few years, the energies of the farmers and ranchmen will be directed to the conservation of this important resource. Already a number of establishments for collecting, dressing, canning, and shipping rabbit meat are in operation in western centers. As in Australia the transition of the wild rabbit in this country from its status as a pest to source of profit is assured, it is believed.

"Cellulon," New Wood Pulp Fiber.

There has, says the Board of Trade Journal, been much discussion in the German press during recent weeks concerning a wood pulp fiber named "Cellulon," for which large claims are made as an efficient substitute for jute, cotton and other fibers. It appears to be certain that the fiber is not made by spinning long strips of paper run off reels through water in the manner which German paper textile substitutes have made familiar. The accounts agree in describing the process, or processes, as a direct manufacture from wood pulp. The consul general at Zurich, who has presented a report to the foreign office, states that the method employed operates on the same general lines as that used for artificial silk manufacture—that is, by squeezing pulp under high pressure through small holes in plates.—Engineer.

Wooden Shoes Classy.

If it were not for the pioneers humanity would be hopeless. The wife of Lieut. A. J. Huntington of the One Hundred Sixty-Second infantry, resident in Portland, Ore., has long been of the opinion that shoes are too high in price, and, having the courage of her convictions and possessing also a desire to save leather for the army, she occasionally wears a pair of neat wooden low shoes. These are painted black, with a patent leather effect, and are really very convenient and quiet in spite though the rigidity of the sole is somewhat evident. The fashion of wearing wooden shoes from France, where that style of shoes is much in vogue. With ribbon bows to distinguish the [illegible] and the girls added [illegible] with gay red [illegible] and with [illegible] around the [illegible] by one of the [illegible]

Rapid Progress Experts.

[illegible] of the British [illegible] says that from July [illegible] to April, 1918, the United States [illegible] the [illegible] number of [illegible] personnel. Of this [illegible] [illegible] 1,000,000 [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

TH[E]

VOL XIX. NO [illegible]

TWENTY-EIGHTH DIVIS[ION] IN GENERAL ORDER

110th Infantry Is a Member Of This Splendid Command

CHARLEROI BOYS AMONG THEM

For conspicuous bravery duri[ng] the advance in the valley of t[he] Aisne and in the Argonne forest [by] members of the Twenty-eight Divis[ion] formerly the National Guard [of] Pennsylvania, has been commen[ded] by the commanding general of [the] American First Army Corps and [the] ed in orders from general headq[uar]ters for their splendid work on [the] Vesle river. A copy of the o[rder] which have been received in [Pitts]burgh, show that the Divis[ion] includes clergyman; assured a place in the front rank [of] legs, and the "Fighting Red Di[vi]sion," another which consists of organizations [of] mutant. The hur children, have won the right to be [the] and works shock troops and to face the [fire] on what will soldiers of the enemy. folded hands.

In the Twenty-eighth Divis[ion] Florida plaz- thousands of boys from [the] a lumberjack Pennsylvania and hundreds [of] low zero. The Washington county, including [the] few weeks and old "Fighting Tenth" regi[ment] free with what which there are a number of set by every reg[ular] boys serving at the present individual ac- The action for which the [regi]pation, activity was commended by [Gen]the nation for Hunter Liggett extended [over] requires intelli- morning of September 26 [and] gence who know how night of October 9. In each sort of food resistance made by the [Ger]es to keep going. forced them [to] dry rations?

The success of America's great experiment in democracy—the volunteer basis—as compared with partial failure of all compulsory schemes is the best answer.

Restricting Wheat.

Why restrict wheat when we have such a big harvest?

The program is calculated to supply home consumption, to send what we ought to furnish the allies, to reserve enough to carry us over the end of the year—and that's all. Unrestricted wheat consumption would not meet the program.

Why let down the wheat rule to 80-20?

We can use more wheat because we have more. This is not so much a let down as might seem. The old rule covered bread and all cereals; this applies to bread, cereal use otherwise to be encouraged. So far as it does let down the enforcement of substitutes, it is because we shall be poorer this year in feed for cattle than in food for people.

Why must we use substitutes?

In addition to economic reasons, the United States and the allies have agreed on a universal victory bread. The least we can do is to share equally with those whose burden is greater than ours.

The Uses of Corn.

Why not ship corn?

We do, we will; but armies can be better fed with raised bread and where there is no proper kitchen outfit for baking, some wheat is needed for bread.

Why is sugar restricted?

To win the war, by sending men, on ships borrowed from Asiatic trade, set free by furnishing sugar from American sources.

How long will the sugar restriction continue?

There is no probability of relaxing the program within the next six months.

Why doesn't Canada conserve sugar?

The allowance in Canada is 1½ pounds per person per month.

Why not close the candy shops?

Their sugar supply has been cut down 50 per cent. That's enough until further measures are feasible.

Why make us save when the breweries and distilleries waste grain?

They don't; they are going out of business as fast as their present stocks are exhausted.

Your grocer is pledged to full cooperation in the Food Administration program. Are you helping him to keep that pledge?

We carried the 1918 objectives—beef, bacon, fat and sugar—and now we are settling down to a steady push along the line.

Every sugar spoonful we put by sends ships to our boys. Eat more than we do.

THEY'VE GOT 'EM WHIPPED!!

Here are the two world heroes of the hour. General Foch, supreme military commander of all allied armies and President Wilson, proclaimed diplomatic leader through his masterful handling of all questions which involved war aims of the allies. Both have scored crushing victories over Germany and her allies within the last few weeks, Foch in clever military strategy and our war president in brilliant stands for right—expressed in short terse terms that cannot be perverted. Wilson's latest flanking movement in forcing the Huns to show sincerity in peace bids, is the diplomatic knockout of the war. It's all up with the kaiser.

RECLAIM MANY SUNKEN SHIPS

Hundreds of Vessels in British Waters Have Been Salvaged—Possibility of Raising the Lusitania.

Most welcome is the announcement from London that since January, 1915, 407 ships sunk by the Germans in British waters have been salvaged; 147 of them, by improved methods, in five months of the present year.

Britain's coast, like our own, is edged by a broad belt of shallow water. For 200 miles of the channel's length no spot reaches a depth of 100 fathoms; much of it is quite shallow, which accounts for the chop that makes so many who cross it briefly unhappy.

From our own Norfolk one gets well out of sight of land before reaching water too deep for salvage operations. Depth increases more rapidly off the Irish coast, but even the Lusitania lies near the 50-fathom line, below the shatter of the storm, yet near enough the surface so that many practical wreckers have said that it would be possible, though exceedingly difficult, to bring her forth to a nautical resurrection.

That some things can be done as well as others our engineers showed when they raised the U-boats' biggest victim along our coast, the Herbert Pratt, and brought her safe to shore. What the "improved methods" used off England may be we shall probably not know until after the war. That they are cheating the murderous submarines of their prey in so many cases is good news.

EXPLORER'S WORK IN AFRICA

Frenchman Sheds Light on Vast Region Hitherto Comparatively Unknown—Needs Railway.

Commandant Tilho, the well-known French explorer of the Sudan, has recently published a report on the results of five years' work during 1912-17 in the hitherto unknown region lying along the frontier between the French Sahara and the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan. Tilho was entrusted with the task of pacifying and organizing this region under the French government; and his surveys embrace a stretch of previously unexplored country extending more than 1,100 miles from the center of Tibesti southeast to the vicinity of El Fasher, in Darfur. His cartographic work fills up a large blank in the map of Africa. He urges the need of a railway through this region, for the benefit not only of the world at large, but also of the natives, who are subject to periodical famines. It is stated that from one-half to three-fourths of the inhabitants of northern Wadai died of famine in 1914. One especially interesting result of his investigations is the disproof of the hypothesis, supported by his earlier explorations, that there is a connection between Lake Chad and the Nile river system. Tilho explored the volcanic Emi-Kussi, 11,100 feet in altitude, with an immense crater over seven miles in diameter and 180 feet deep.—Scientific American.

Sailoring Is Different.

Sailoring on the briny deep is entirely different than doing the same stunt on land. This was admitted by a landlubber from Pittsburgh, who has just returned from his first voyage with a brand new seasick story. "The first day I was out," said the amateur navigator, "the old tub rolled like a barrel and before I knew it I was in the throes of mal de mer. The bunch gave me and told me my job was driving a trolley car instead of sailoring. I had to seek my bunk. I had only been in it a few minutes when the ship's surgeon visited me and calmly asked: 'What's the matter?' 'O-o-oh I'm so sick,' I told him and I rolled over in agony. 'Come, cut out the sad stuff,' the ship's doc said unfeelingly. 'The ship has been torpedoed and we're sinking.' I felt out of my pans and scrambled to the deck. The crew again derided me. 'Say, have you ever been seasick?'

Sarcastic.

Friend Husband—"Do you think it would be correct of me dear to [illegible]?" Friend Wife—"Not correct [illegible] superfluous."—Awgwan.

BAKERS TO STOP SUNDAY DELIVERY

Food Administration Forbids It in Interests of Conservation.

THE ACTION IS STATE-WIDE

Ovens Also Must Be Closed One Day of the Week, Stopping Seven-Day Baking.

Howard Heinz, Federal Food Administrator for Pennsylvania, has approved the action of the Division of Bakers of the Federal Food Administration of which Fred C. Haller is the head, putting into effect all over the State the same ruling with regard to bakeries that has been in operation in Philadelphia for about a week.

Hereafter, all deliveries of bakers' products are forbidden between the hours of 12 o'clock Saturday night and 6 o'clock Sunday evening. This will do away entirely with what is now known as "Sunday Deliveries."

Ovens to Close One Day.

It is also ordered that bakers' ovens shall be operated only six days out of seven. It is left to the option of the baker himself to select the six days which he shall work in order that he may best meet the demands of his trade, but the ruling is absolute so far as stopping the present practice of many bakers of baking on seven days of the week.

The idea of these restrictions is the conservation of fuel and labor. It is believed that not only will these highly important commodities be conserved, but also much wear and tear on the delivery service will be prevented. It seems to the officials of the Food Administration that seven days delivery is unnecessary and can easily be reduced to six. Word has been sent to each of the County Food Administrators who will take the matter up with a Baker Lieutenant and his committee. The details of the carrying out of the order is left in every case to the County Administrator.

Where It Will Save.

Mr. Haller said: "I believe that this order will do much towards the great conservation campaign which Mr. Hoover has in mind and which must be carried out if we are to send abroad the great quantities of food which our armies and our allies need. A strict compliance with this request will undoubtedly result in a great saving in horses, trucks and men engaged in the bakers' delivery service, as well as an equally great saving in labor and in raw materials used in the bakery."

Derivation of "Cribbage."

The word "cribbage" is simply "crib" plus "age." The "age" is the common English noun-forming termination acquired by our tongue from French and traceable back to the Latin neuter "aneum." The "crib" is not from the name of the crib used in the game, but is from the verb "to crib," say the dictionaries; this point seems rather finely drawn. Since the crib itself may derive its name from the verb, to crib, indicating that the dealer cribs or draws cards from the other players.

Mexican Known by His Hat.

In Mexico the hat is the symbol of a man's standing in the community. The grandees of old Spain enjoyed the privilege of standing covered in the royal presence. The result was that they vied with one another in the size and splendor of their hats; and the common people followed this example [illegible] the Indian said: "[illegible] could [illegible] heads of two persons as the mantle of those of the women.

MADE THE CHAIN COMPLETE

Physician in His Excitement Rather Gave Away Secret He Should Have Kept.

Attorney General Gregory tells this piquant story of a prominent financier and a well-known physician:

The money juggler called at the office of his family physician one morning and told him with much concern that his only son was suffering from diphtheria. The doctor was solicitous but assured the financier that with the care given in the hospital to which the boy had been taken he would pull through nicely. "Of course," said the medico, "no one is safe when that terrible disease is around."

"But," said the father, "the boy confessed to me that he is sure he caught the disease from the parlor maid whom he had kissed."

"Well, young people are certainly very thoughtless," mused the doctor, "I'm sorry to hear that your son has been so indiscreet."

"Yes, of course, doctor," said the financier, nervously, "but don't you see, to be frank with you—I have kissed the girl. Do you think I, too, will have the disease?"

"Why, yes," said the doctor. "You are probably already infected. In fact, that would be the very next thing to expect."

"Oh, that's awful," gasped the financier, "and I kiss my own dear wife every morning and evening, so she, too—"

"Good heavens!" cried the physician, jumping up excitedly, "then I, too, will have it!"—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

NOT MARK OF DISRESPECT

Omission of "Mr." Before Name of President Is Thoroughly Sanctioned by Good Usage.

A Kansas City teacher asks the Star whether it is really in good taste to refer to the president in a headline or elsewhere as "Wilson." Ought it not always be "Mr. Wilson" or "President Wilson?" she asks. It has jarred on her in reading the news to [illegible] to find the president's name used without a handle.

Hard and fast rules in matters of good taste are difficult to establish. In general the title is appropriately used with the president's name; in general, but not always. The omission of the title is not disrespectful; on the contrary, the more distinguished the man, the more the omission of the title is sanctioned by good usage. We speak of Webster, Calhoun, Lincoln, Gladstone habitually without the "Mr." So with living men. Isn't it more often "Edison" than "Mr. Edison," "Bergson" than "M. Bergson," "Kipling" than "Mr. Kipling," "Lloyd George" than "Mr. Lloyd George," "Poincare" than "M. Poincare," "Kerensky" than "Mr. Kerensky?"

When reference is made to a well-known man by his name without title or even initials, there is an implied compliment. The implication is that there is only one Lloyd George, only one Clemenceau, only one Wilson. Whether the title is used or not depends largely on what seems to be the requirements of the occasion.—Kansas City Times.

The average Oklahoma Indian is more interested in oil royalties than in current events. Recently a locally well-known Indian came into Ardmore to cash his quarterly check, and on being approached for a Red Cross contribution asked:

"What for, Red Cross?"

Red Cross work was briefly explained and the Indian came back with another query. "What war?"

"Why, the war with the Germans," was the answer. "Didn't you know America is at war with the Germans?"

"No," replied the Indian. "How long?"

The situation was explained at length, and after studying over the matter the Indian said:

"[illegible] could [illegible] heap. Two Germans by [illegible] Could kill them easy."—Everybody's Magazine.

Do Your Christmas Shopping Early This Year

See our complete line of ladies imported [illegible] and gloves. We have them in all [illegible]s and sizes.

EUGENE FA[illegible]

514-16 Fallowfield Ave.

CHARLEROI, PA.

Clear the Skin

A beautiful complexion is the outward mark of good blood and a healthy body. When the stomach, liver and blood are in good order, the skin is clear and lovely. Unsightly blotches, pimples, eruptions and sallowness show the need of Beecham's Pills to stimulate and regulate the vital organs and improve the circulation. Good health and better looks soon follow the use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box.
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VOTE FOR JUSTICE FOX

Do not overlook the NON-PARTISAN column on the official ballot at the election, Tuesday, November 5th, 1918.

It is SEPARATE from the PARTY column, contains the names of all candidates for Judge of the SUPREME COURT and requires a SEPARATE mark.

Make YOUR vote count for the good of the state by casting it for

Edward J. Fox

of Northampton County

Judge Fox is a PRESENT member of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania by appointment and is a candidate to SUCCEED himself.

He had been a successful practicing lawyer for thirty-eight years when called to the supreme bench on June 18, 1918, to fill the vacancy created by the death of the late Hon. S. Leslie Mestrezat.

His appointment has been generally COMMENDED by the bench, bar and newspapers of the state.

We believe that CAPABLE judges should be kept on the bench, therefore we urge the RETENTION of Judge Fox.

TWO vacancies are to be filled at the November election, but under the law each voter may vote for only ONE.

We hope YOUR one will be for the present incumbent, Judge Fox.

EDWARD J. FOX CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE,
W. S. KIRKPATRICK, Chairman.